2002-01-07

PRODUKTINFORMATION

Vi reserverar oss mot fel samt förbehåller oss rätten till ändringar utan föregående meddelande

ELFA artikelnr
75-350-08 PC817 optokopplare
75-350-16 PC827 optokoppl
75-350-32 PC847 Optokopplare

PC817 Series

High Density Mounting Type Photocoupler

❋ Lead forming type（I type ）and taping reel type （P type ）are also available.（**PC817I/PC817P** ）
❋❋ TÜV （VDE0884 ）approved type is also available as an option.

■ Features

1. Current transfer ratio
   （CTR: MIN. 50% at I_F = 5mA ,V_{CE}=5V)
2. High isolation voltage between input and output （V_{iso} : 5 000V_{rms}）
3. Compact dual-in-line package
   PC817 : 1-channel type
   PC827 : 2-channel type
   PC837 : 3-channel type
   PC847 : 4-channel type
4. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380

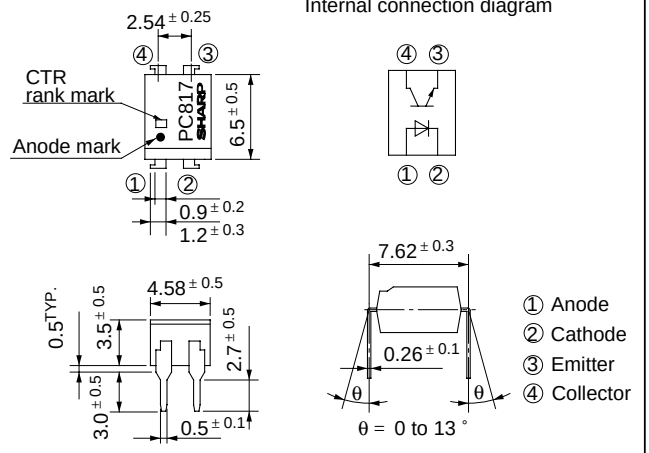
■ Applications

1. Computer terminals
2. System appliances, measuring instruments
3. Registers, copiers, automatic vending machines
4. Electric home appliances, such as fan heaters, etc.
5. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

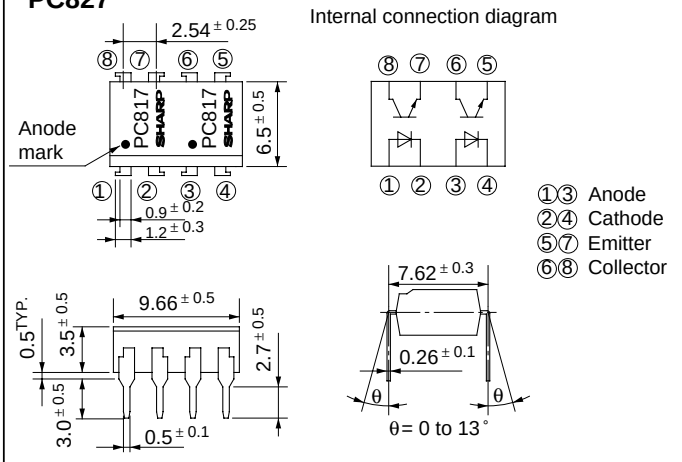
■ Outline Dimensions

（Unit : mm）

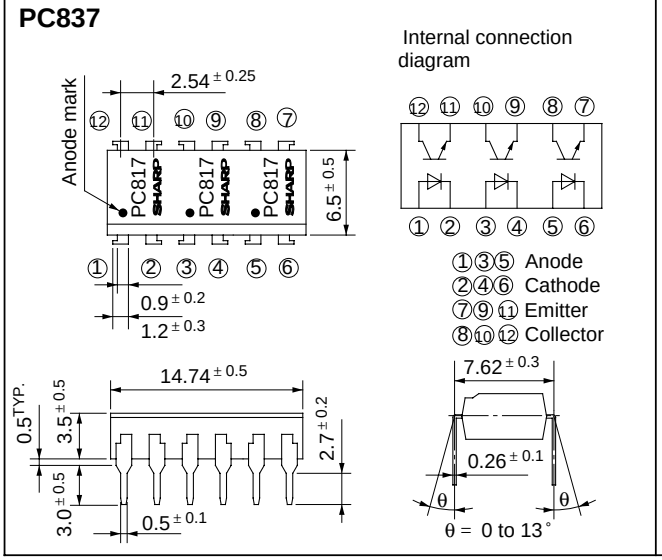
PC817



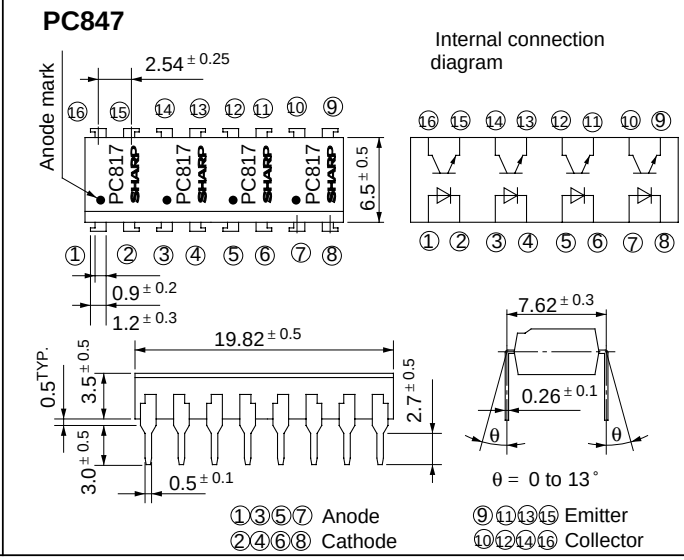
PC827



PC837



PC847



" In the absence of confirmation by device specification sheets, SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that occur in equipment using any of SHARP's devices, shown in catalogs, data books, etc. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest version of the device specification sheets before using any SHARP's device."

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta= 25˚C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	50	mA
	*1Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	150	mW
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	200	mW
*2Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5 000	V_{rms}
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	- 30 to + 100	˚C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	- 55 to + 125	˚C
*3Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	˚C

*1 Pulse width <=100μs, Duty ratio : 0.001
*2 40 to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute
*3 For 10 seconds

■ Electro-optical Characteristics (Ta= 25˚C)

Parameter			Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage		V_F	I_F = 20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage		V_{FM}	I_{FM} = 0.5A	-	-	3.0	V
	Reverse current		I_R	V_R = 4V	-	-	10	μA
	Terminal capacitance		C_t	V = 0, f = 1kHz	-	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current		I_{CEO}	V_{CE} = 20V	-	-	10^{-7}	A
Transfer characteristics	*4Current transfer ratio		CTR	I_F = 5mA, V_{CE} = 5V	50	-	600	%
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		$V_{CE(sat)}$	I_F = 20mA, I_C = 1mA	-	0.1	0.2	V
	Isolation resistance		R_{ISO}	DC500V, 40 to 60% RH	5×10^{10}	10^{11}	-	Ω
	Floating capacitance		C_f	V = 0, f = 1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency		f_c	V_{CE} = 5V, I_C = 2mA, R_L = 100Ω, - 3dB	-	80	-	kHz
	Response time	Rise time	t_r	V_{CE} = 2V, I_C = 2mA, R_L = 100Ω	-	4	18	μs
		Fall time	t_f		-	3	18	μs

*4 Classification table of current transfer ratio is shown below.

Model No.	Rank mark	CTR (%)
PC817A	A	80 to 160
PC817B	B	130 to 260
PC817C	C	200 to 400
PC817D	D	300 to 600
PC8✵7AB	A or B	80 to 260
PC8✵7BC	B or C	130 to 400
PC8✵7CD	C or D	200 to 600
PC8✵7AC	A, B or C	80 to 400
PC8✵7BD	B, C or D	130 to 600
PC8✵7AD	A, B, C or D	80 to 600
PC8✵7	A, B, C, D or No mark	50 to 600

✵ : 1 or 2 or 3 or 4

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

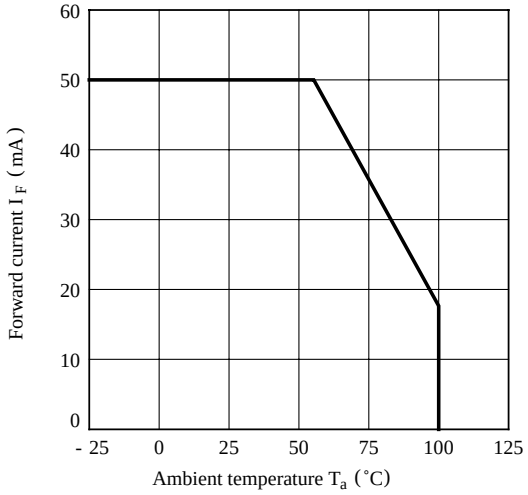


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

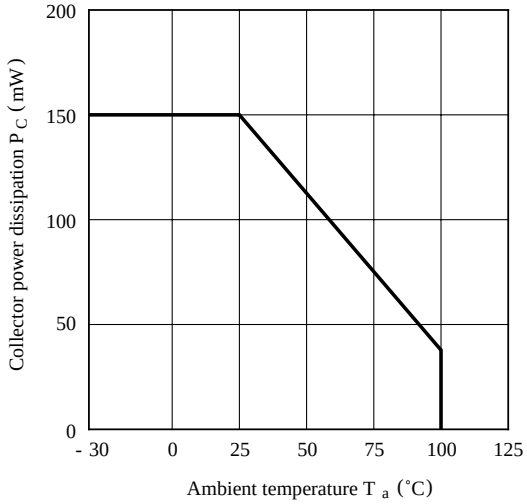


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

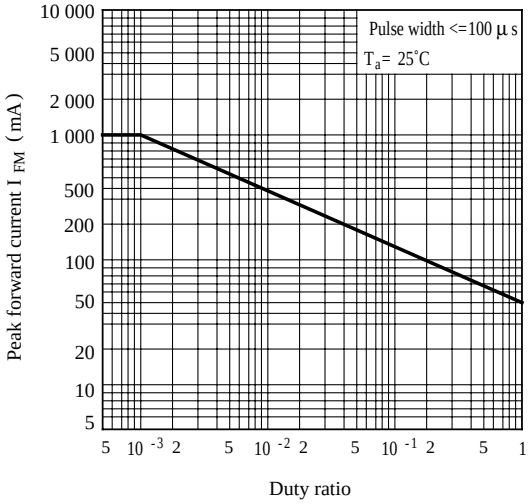


Fig. 4 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

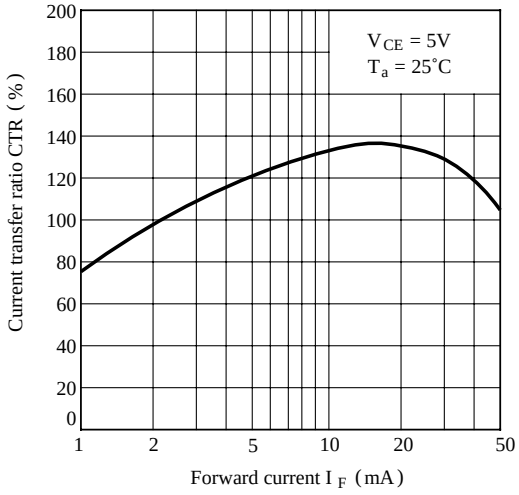


Fig. 5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

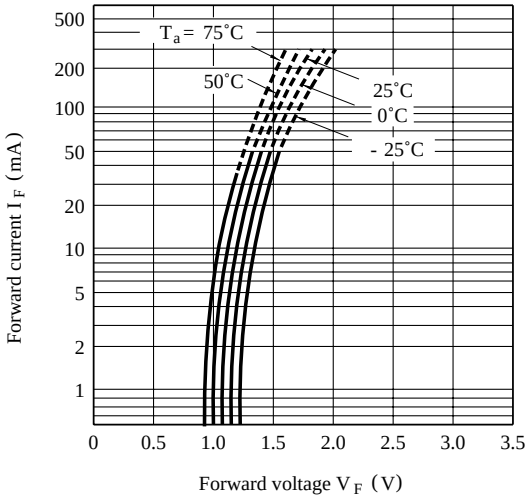


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

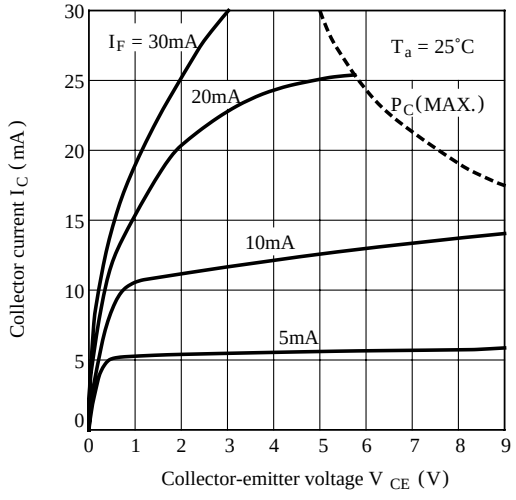


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

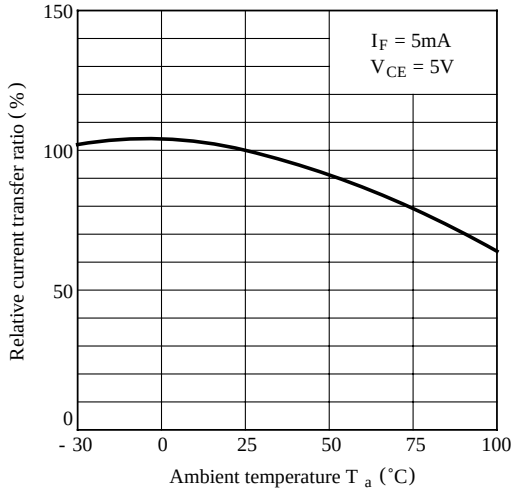


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

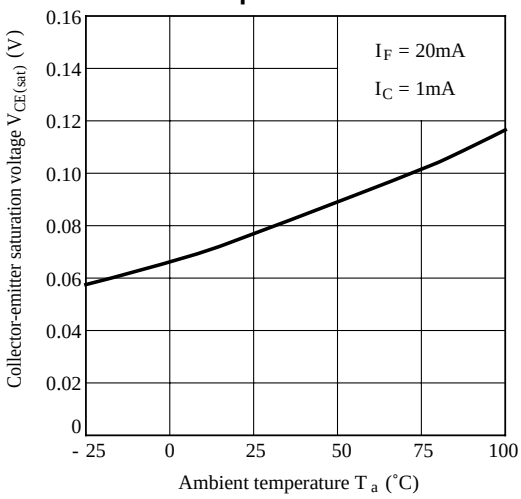


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

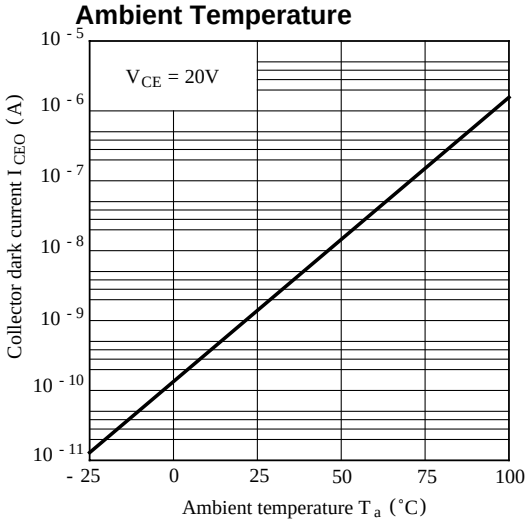


Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

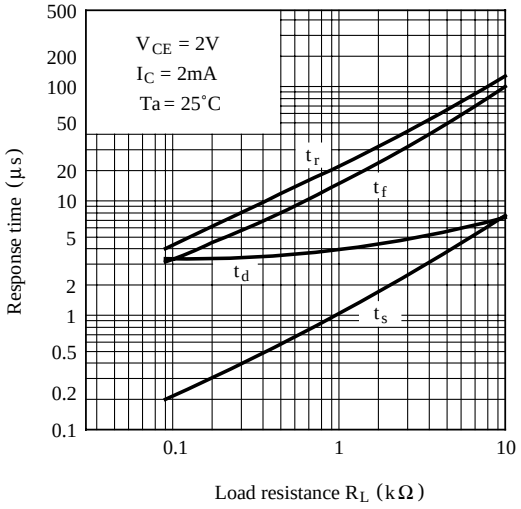
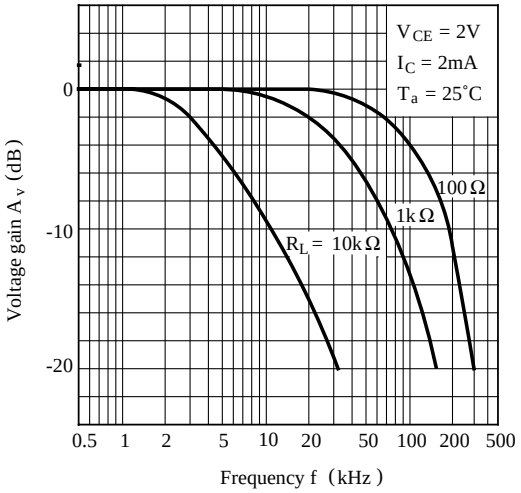
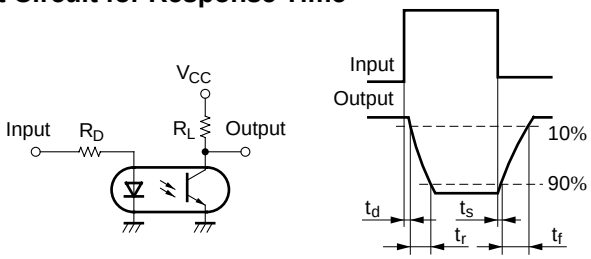


Fig.11 Frequency Response



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frequency Response

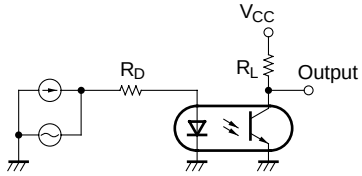
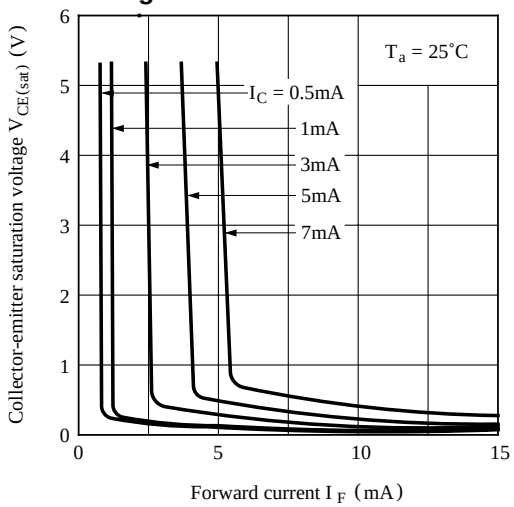


Fig.12 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current



● Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use"

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  - Office automation equipment
  - Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
  - Test and measurement equipment
  - Industrial control
  - Audio visual equipment
  - Consumer electronics

  (ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:
  - Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
  - Traffic signals
  - Gas leakage sensor breakers
  - Alarm equipment
  - Various safety devices, etc.

  (iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:
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  - Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
  - Nuclear power control equipment
  - Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).
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